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## Claims

- [c1] 1. A sampling circuit to sample a source signal received on an input path, a noise signal of high frequency components also being received on said input path, said sampling circuit comprising: a first circuit portion receiving an input signal on said input path, said input signal containing both of said source signal and said noise signal, said first circuit portion generating an output signal by limiting bandwidth of said input signal, wherein said noise signal being sub
  - a second circuit portion sampling said output signal generated by said first circuit portion.

stantially absent in said output signal due to said limit-

- [c2] 2. The sampling circuit of claim 1, wherein said first circuit portion comprises a low pass filter.
- [c3] 3. The sampling circuit of claim 2, wherein said second circuit portion is implemented as a switched capacitor circuit.
- [04] 4. The sampling circuit of claim 3, wherein said low pass filter comprises:

a resistor receiving said source signal on one terminal and other terminal of said resistor being connected to a first node; and

a first capacitor connected between said first node and a second node.

- [05] 5. The sampling circuit of claim 4, wherein said first circuit portion further comprises:
  - a first switch connected between said second node and a common mode voltage; and
  - a second switch connected across said first capacitor.
- [c6] 6. The sampling circuit of claim 5, wherein said second circuit portion comprises:
  - a buffer being coupled to receive an input from said first node;
  - a second capacitor connected between a third node and a fourth node:
  - a third switch connected between an output of said buffer and said third node; and
  - a fourth switch connected between said fourth node and said common mode voltage.
- [07] 7. The sampling circuit of claim 6, wherein said sampling circuit is implemented without requiring a bandwidth limiting element in signal path.

- [c8] 8. The sampling circuit of claim 1, wherein said second circuit portion and said first circuit portion are implemented using a separate set of components.
- [09] 9. A sampling circuit to sample a source signal received on an input path, a noise signal of high frequency components also being received on said input path, said sampling circuit comprising:

  a first circuit path sampling an input signal containing both of said source signal and said noise signal; and a second circuit path sampling high frequency components of said input signal, wherein a difference of outputs of said first circuit path and said second circuit path is generated as a sampled output of said sampling circuit, said noise signal being substantially absent in said
- [c10] 10. The sampling circuit of claim 9, wherein said first circuit path comprises a first switched capacitor circuit.

sampled output due to said difference.

[c11] 11. The sampling circuit of claim 10, wherein said second circuit path comprises:
 a high pass filter providing high frequency components in said input signal as a first output; and
 a second switched capacitor circuit coupled to said high pass filter sampling said first output.

- [c12] 12. The sampling circuit of claim 11, wherein said high pass filter comprises:
  - a first capacitor receiving said input signal on one terminal and a second terminal of said first capacitor being connected to a first node; and a resistor connected between said first node and a sec-
- [c13] 13. The sampling circuit of claim 12, wherein said second circuit path further comprises:
   a first switch connected between said second node and a common mode voltage; and
   a second switch connected across said first capacitor.

ond node.

- [C14] 14. The sampling circuit of claim 12, wherein said second switched capacitor circuit comprises:

  a second capacitor connected between a third node and a fourth node;
  a third switch connected between a fifth node and said third node; and
  a fourth switch connected between said fourth node and said common mode voltage.
- [015] 15. The sampling circuit of claim 14, wherein said second circuit path further comprises a buffer connected between said first node and said fifth node.

- [c16] 16. The sampling circuit of claim 15, wherein said sampling circuit is comprised in a correlated double sampler (CDS) which receives a reference level in a first phase and a relative video level in a second phase, said CDS generating actual video level representing a pixel as a difference of said reference level and said relative video level.
- [017] 17. The sampling circuit of claim 16, further comprising: a third circuit path implemented similar to said second circuit path, wherein said first circuit path samples said reference level along with a corresponding noise signal in said first phase and said relative video level along with a corresponding noise signal in said second phase, said second circuit path sampling high frequency components corresponding to said reference level in said first phase and said third circuit path sampling high frequency components corresponding to said relative video level in said second phase; an amplifier amplifying the difference of outputs of said

first circuit path received on a first input and said second circuit path received on a second input at the end of said second phase;

a third capacitor connected between a first output of said amplifier and said first input of said amplifier forming a first feedback path in said second phase; a fourth capacitor connected between a second output of said amplifier and said second input of said amplifier forming a second feedback path in said second phase, wherein the difference of outputs provided between said first output and said second output represents said actual video level.

- [c18] 18. A device comprising:
  - a sampling circuit to sample an input signal comprising a source signal and a noise signal of high frequency components, said sampling circuit comprising: a first circuit portion receiving said input signal, said first circuit portion generating an output signal by limiting bandwidth of said input signal, wherein said noise signal being substantially absent in said output signal due to said limiting; and a second circuit portion sampling said output signal
- [c19] 19. The device of claim 18, wherein said device captures an image in a digital form, said device comprises: an image sensor allowing a light corresponding to said image to be incident on said image sensor, wherein said image sensor generating an electrical signal proportionate to the intensity of incident light; and an analog front end (AFE) processing said electrical signal, said AFE comprising said sampling circuit, said input signal being generated based on said electrical signal

generated by said first circuit portion.

- [c20] 20. The device of claim 19, wherein said first circuit portion comprises a low pass filter.
- [021] 21. The device of claim 20, wherein said second circuit portion is implemented as a switched capacitor circuit.

[c22]

comprises:

a resistor receiving said source signal on one terminal

and other terminal of said resistor being connected to a

first node; and

22. The device of claim 21, wherein said low pass filter

- a first capacitor connected between said first node and a second node.
- [023] 23. The device of claim 22, wherein said first circuit portion further comprises:
   a first switch connected between said second node and a common mode voltage; and

a second switch connected across said first capacitor.

- [c24] 24. The device of claim 23, wherein said second circuit portion comprises:
  - a buffer being coupled to receive an input from said first node;
  - a second capacitor connected between a third node and a fourth node:
  - a third switch connected between an output of said

buffer and said third node; and a fourth switch connected between said fourth node and said common mode voltage.

- [c25] 25. The device of claim 24, wherein said sampling circuit is implemented without requiring a bandwidth limiting element in signal path.
- [c26] 26. The device of claim 25, wherein said second circuit portion and said first circuit portion are implemented using a separate set of components.
- [c27] 27. The device of claim 19, wherein said image sensor contains a plurality of pixels, wherein each of said plurality of pixels stores a charge proportionate to the intensity of incident light and said image sensor generating said input signal proportionate to said charge.
- [028] 28. The device of claim 21, wherein said AFE further comprises: a programmable gain amplifier (PGA) amplifying an output of said sampling circuit to generate an amplified sampled signal; and an analog to digital converter (ADC) converting said amplified sampled signal to digital values representing said image.
- [c29] 29. The device of claim 28, said device further com-

prises:

a processor processing said digital values; and a memory storing said digital values.

- [c30] 30. The device of claim 29, wherein said image sensor comprises a charge coupled device (CCD).
- [c31] 31. A device comprising:

a sampling circuit to sample an input signal containing a source signal and a noise signal of high frequency components, said sampling circuit comprising: a first circuit path sampling said input signal; and a second circuit path sampling high frequency components of said input signal, wherein a difference of outputs of said first circuit path and said second circuit path is generated as a sampled output of said sampling circuit, said noise signal being substantially absent in said sampled output due to said difference.

[c32] 32. The device of claim 30, wherein said device captures an image in a digital form, said device comprises: an image sensor allowing a light corresponding to said image to be incident on said image sensor, wherein said image sensor generating an electrical signal proportionate to the intensity of incident light; and an analog front end (AFE) processing said electrical signal, said AFE comprising said sampling circuit, said input

- signal being generated based on said electrical signal.
- [c33] 33. The device of claim 32, wherein said first circuit path comprises a first switched capacitor circuit.
- [c34] 34. The device of claim 33, wherein said second circuit path comprises:
   a high pass filter providing high frequency components in said input signal as a first output; and
   a second switched capacitor circuit coupled to said high

pass filter sampling said first output.

- [C35] 35. The device of claim 34, wherein said high pass filter comprises: a first capacitor receiving said input signal on one terminal and a second terminal of said first capacitor being connected to a first node; and a resistor connected between said first node and a second node.
- [036] 36. The device of claim 35, wherein said second circuit path further comprises:

  a first switch connected between said second node and a common mode voltage;
  and
  a second switch connected across said first capacitor.
- [c37] 37. The device of claim 35, wherein said second switched capacitor circuit comprises:

- a second capacitor connected between a third node and a fourth node;
- a third switch connected between a fifth node and said third node; and
- a fourth switch connected between said fourth node and said common mode voltage.
- [c38] 38. The device of claim 37, wherein said second circuit path further comprises a buffer connected between said first node and said fifth node.
- [c39] 39. The device of claim 31, wherein said image sensor contains a plurality of pixels, wherein each of said plurality of pixels stores a charge proportionate to the intensity of incident light and said image sensor generating said input signal proportionate to said charge.
- [040] 40. The device of claim 38, wherein said AFE further comprises:
  - a programmable gain amplifier (PGA) amplifying an output of said sampling circuit to generate an amplified sampled signal; and
  - an analog to digital converter (ADC) converting said amplified sampled signal to digital values representing said image.
- [c41] 41. The device of claim 40, said device further com-

## prises:

- a processor processing said digital values; and a memory storing said digital values.
- [c42] 42. The device of claim 40, wherein said image sensor comprises a charge coupled device (CCD).
- [043] 43. The device of claim 42, wherein said sampling circuit is comprised in a correlated double sampler (CDS) which receives a reference level in a first phase and a relative video level in a second phase, said CDS generating actual video level representing a pixel as a difference of said reference level and said relative video level.
- [c44] 44. The device of claim 43, further comprising:
  a third circuit path implemented similar to said second
  circuit path, wherein said first circuit path samples said
  reference level along with a corresponding noise signal
  in said first phase and said relative video level along with
  a corresponding noise signal in said second phase,
  said second circuit path sampling high frequency components corresponding to said reference level in said
  first phase and said third circuit path sampling high frequency components corresponding to said relative video
  level in said second phase;
  an amplifier amplifying the difference of outputs of said
  - an amplifier amplifying the difference of outputs of said first circuit path received on a first input and said second

circuit path received on a second input at the end of said second phase;

a third capacitor connected between a first output of said amplifier and said first input of said amplifier forming a first feedback path in said second phase; a fourth capacitor connected between a second output of said amplifier and said second input of said amplifier forming a second feedback path in said second phase, wherein the difference of outputs provided between said first output and said second output represents said actual video level.

[C45] 45. A sampling circuit to sample a source signal received on an input path, a noise signal of high frequency components also being received on said input path, said sampling circuit comprising:

means for receiving an input signal on said input path, said input signal containing both of said source signal and said noise signal;

means for generating an output signal by limiting bandwidth of said input signal, wherein said noise signal being substantially absent in said output signal due to said limiting; and

means for sampling said output signal to generate a sampled output.

- [c46] 46. The sampling circuit of claim 45, wherein said means for generating passes said input signal through a low pass filter.
- [047] 47. A sampling circuit to sample a source signal received on an input path, a noise signal of high frequency components also being received on said input path, said sampling circuit comprising:

  means for sampling an input signal generates a first output, wherein said input signal contains both of said source signal and said noise signal; and means for sampling high frequency components of said input signal generates a second output, wherein a difference of said first output and said second output is generated as a sampled output, said noise signal being substantially absent in said sampled output due to said difference.
- [048] 48. The sampling circuit of claim 47, wherein said means for sampling an input signal passes said input signal through a first switched capacitor circuit.
- [c49] 49. The sampling circuit of claim 48, wherein said means for sampling high frequency components is operable to: pass said input signal through a high pass filter to provide high frequency components in said input signal as a third output; and

pass said third output through a second switched capacitor circuit to generate said second output.

- [050] 50. A method of sampling a source signal received on an input path, a noise signal of high frequency components also being received on said input path, said method comprising:
  - receiving an input signal on said input path, said input signal containing both of said source signal and said noise signal;
  - generating an output signal by limiting bandwidth of said input signal, wherein said noise signal being substantially absent in said output signal due to said limiting; and
  - sampling said output signal to generate a sampled output.
- [051] 51. The method of claim 50, wherein said generating comprises passing said input signal through a low pass filter.
- [c52] 52. A method of sampling a source signal received on an input path, a noise signal of high frequency components also being received on said input path, said method comprising:
  - sampling an input signal to generate a first output, wherein said input signal contains both of said source

signal and said noise signal; and sampling high frequency components of said input signal to generate a second output, wherein a difference of said first output and said second output is generated as a sampled output, said noise signal being substantially absent in said sampled output due to said difference.

- [c53] 53. The method of claim 52, wherein said sampling an input signal comprises passing said input signal through a first switched capacitor circuit.
- [054] 54. The method of claim 53, wherein said sampling high frequency components comprises:

  passing said input signal through a high pass filter to provide high frequency components in said input signal as a third output; and passing said third output through a second switched ca-

pacitor circuit to generate said second output.